Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06)

			<b>'FOCEGU</b> 2 of 1968, as		<b>PORT</b> nd P.A. 71 of 1919	), as amended.					
Loca	d Unit	of Gov	ernment Typ	e			Local Unit Na			County	
	Count	<u> </u>	□City	<b>⋉</b> Twp	□Village	□Other	Township	Kalamazoo			
l	al Yea: arch		2007		Opinion Date July 30, 2	007		Date Audit Report Submitted September 5,	Report Submitted to State tember 5, 2007		
We a	affirm	that	:		1						
We a	ire ce	ertifie	d public ad	countants	s licensed to p	ractice in M	lichigan.				
					erial, "no" resp ments and red			sed in the financial stateme	ents, includ	ling the notes, or in the	
	YES	8	Check ea	ach applic	able box bel	<b>ow</b> . (See in	structions fo	r further detail.)			
1.	All required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements as necessary.										
2.		X						unit's unreserved fund bala budget for expenditures.	nces/unres	tricted net assets	
3.	X		The local	unit is in o	compliance wi	th the Unifo	rm Chart of	Accounts issued by the Dep	oartment of	Treasury.	
4.	X		The local	unit has a	dopted a bud	get for all re	equired funds	S.			
5.	×		A public h	nearing on	the budget w	as held in a	ccordance w	ith State statute.			
6.	X				not violated the ssued by the			an order issued under the Division.	Emergenc	y Municipal Loan Act, or	
7.	X		The local	unit has r	not been delin	quent in dis	tributing tax	revenues that were collecte	ed for anoth	er taxing unit.	
8.	X		The local	unit only	holds deposits	s/investmen	ts that comp	ly with statutory requiremer	nts.		
9.	X							s that came to our attention sed (see Appendix H of Bul		in the Bulletin for	
10.											
11.	X		The local	unit is fre	e of repeated	comments	from previou	s years.			
12.	X		The audit	opinion is	UNQUALIFI	ED.					
13.	X				complied with g principles (		r GASB 34 a	s modified by MCGAA Stat	ement #7 a	and other generally	
14.	X		The boar	d or cound	cil approves a	II invoices p	rior to payme	ent as required by charter o	r statute.		
15.	X		To our kr	owledge,	bank reconcil	iations that	were review	ed were performed timely.			
incl des	uded cripti	in ti on(s)	nis or any ) of the aut	other aud hority and	dit report, nor I/or commissio	do they ol on.	btain a stan			ne audited entity and is not me(s), address(es), and a	
<u> </u>			closed the	•		Enclosed		ed (enter a brief justification)			
			tements			K					
The letter of Comments and Recommendations Not Required											
Oth	er (D	escrib	e)			×	SAS 112	Letter			
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	et Add		randall PC					(269)381-4970 City	State	7in	
1			Igore Roa	ad	<u> </u>			Kalamazoo	MI	<sup>Zip</sup> 49002	
Authorizing CPA Signature Printed Name License Number							mber				

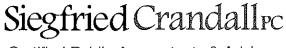
Joseph M Walls

License Number 1101013696

# Township of Charleston Kalamazoo County, Michigan FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### **CONTENTS**

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Government-wide financial statements: Statement of net assets Statement of activities	4 5
Fund financial statements:  Balance sheet - governmental funds Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds Statement of net assets - proprietary fund Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets - proprietary fund Statement of cash flows - proprietary fund	6 7 8 9 10
Notes to financial statements	11 - 18
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  Budgetary comparison schedules: General Fund Public Safety Fund Township Improvement Revolving Fund Sewer Fund	19 - 20 21 22 23



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Telephone 269-381-4970 800-876-0979 Fax 269-349-1344

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Township Board Township of Charleston, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Charleston, Michigan, as of March 31, 2007, and for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements, as listed in the contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Charleston, Michigan, as of March 31, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The budgetary comparison information on pages 19 through 23 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The Township of Charleston, Michigan has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the financial statements.

Sigfied Contall P.C.

#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# Township of Charleston STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2007

	Governmental activities		siness-type activities	Totals
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash	\$ 1,364,160	\$	512	\$ 1,364,672
Receivables, net	74,890		819	75,709
Prepaid expenses	 2,849			2,849
Total current assets	 1,441,899		1,331	1,443,230
Noncurrent assets:				
Receivables, net	138,333		-	138,333
Capital assets not being depreciated	11,700		-	11,700
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 357,939		1,032,195	1,390,134
Total noncurrent assets	507,972		1,032,195	1,540,167
Total assets	1,949,871		1,033,526	2,983,397
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities - accounts payable	 5,470		1,279	6,749
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets	369,639		1,032,195	1,401,834
Restricted for:			, ,	
Public safety	137,405		-	137,405
Public works	768,244		-	768,244
Unrestricted	 669,113		52	669,165
Total net assets	\$ 1,944,401	\$	1,032,247	\$ 2,976,648

### Township of Charleston STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended March 31, 2007

			Program revenues					
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for services		grai	erating nts and ributions	Capital grants and contributions	
Governmental activities:								
Legislative	\$	2,870	\$	-	\$	~	\$	-
General government		183,168		44,610		-		6,972
Public safety		95,848		97,266		-		-
Public works		65,038		18,224		1,183		-
Community and economic								
development		9,597		1,225				-
Culture and recreation		19,000						
Total governmental activities		375,521		161,325		1,183		6,972
Business-type activities: Water		63,058		41,674		7,500		
	\$	438,579	\$	202,999	\$	8,683	\$	6,972

General revenues
Property taxes
Franchise fees
State grants
Investment income
Other

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

#### Net (expenses) revenues and changes in net assets

vernmental activities		siness-type activities	Totals			
\$ (2,870)	٠		\$	(2,870)		
(131,586)				(131,586)		
1,418				1,418		
(45,631)				(45,631)		
(8,372)				(8,372)		
 (19,000)				(19,000)		
(206,041)				(206,041)		
	\$	(13,884)		(13,884)		
 (206,041)	<u></u>	(13,884)		(219,925)		
98,318		_		98,318		
2,682		_		2,682		
121,159		_		121,159		
61,339		_		61,339		
 3,388		-		3,388		
 286,886				286,886		
80,845		(13,884)		66,961		
1,863,556		1,046,131		2,909,687		
\$ 1,944,401	\$	1,032,247	<u>\$</u>	2,976,648		

# Township of Charleston BALANCE SHEET - governmental funds

March 31, 2007

	General	Public Safety	Township Improvement Revolving	Sewer	Total governmental funds		
ASSETS							
Cash	\$ 428,041	\$ 135,621	\$ 208,651	\$ 591,847	\$ 1,364,160		
Receivables, net	31,392	3,658	1,776	176,397	213,223		
Total assets	<u>\$ 459,433</u>	<u>\$ 139,279</u>	\$ 210,427	<u>\$ 768,244</u>	\$ 1,577,383		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:	<b>ቀ ዓ</b> ድርር	ф 4 07 <i>4</i>	<b>ው</b>	φ	Ф 5.470		
Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$ 3,596 1 265	\$ 1,874	\$ - 1.776	\$ - 175.007	\$ 5,470		
Deletted revenue	1,265		1,776	<u>175,097</u>	178,138		
Total liabilities	4,861	1,874	1,776	175,097	183,608		
Fund balances - unreserved,							
undesignated	454,572	137,405	208,651	593,147	1,393,775		
3		<del></del>	<del></del>				
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 459,433</u>	<u>\$ 139,279</u>	\$ 210,427	\$ 768,244	\$ 1,577,383		
Total fund balances - total governme	ental funds				\$ 1,393,775		
Amounts reported for <i>governmental</i> (page 5) are different because:	<i>activities</i> in t	he statement	t of net assets				
Capital assets used in <i>governmenta</i> and, therefore, are not reported in the		e not financia	al resources		369,639		
Prepaid expenses are not a current financial resource and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 2,849							
<b>_</b>							
Other long-term assets are not avail and, therefore, are deferred in the fu		or current-per	riod expenditures	<b>S</b>	<u>178,138</u>		
Net assets of governmental activities	S				\$ 1,944,401		

#### Township of Charleston STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - governmental funds

	<u>General</u>		Public Safety		Township Improvement Revolving		Sewer		Total governmental funds	
REVENUES					_					400.000
Taxes	\$	136,688	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	136,688
Licenses and permits		23,086		-		-		-		23,086
State grants		122,342		-		-		-		122,342
Charges for services		8,665		-		0.004		-		8,665
Interest		27,215		2,244		9,901		40,714		80,074
Other	_	7,287		76,862	-		_	25,767		109,916
Total revenues	_	325,283	_	79,106		9,901		66,481		480,771
EXPENDITURES										
Legislative		2,870		-		-		_		2,870
General government		175,797		-		-		-		175,797
Public safety		21,108		65,590		-		-		86,698
Public works		38,032		· <b>-</b>		_				38,032
Community and economic development		9,597		_		-		_		9,597
Recreation and culture		19,000		-		-		-		19,000
Capital outlay	_	42,652					_			42,652
Total expenditures	_	309,056		65,590			_			374,646
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	_	16,227		13,516		9,901		66,481		106,125
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out		(21,000)	_			- 1100	_	<u>-</u>		(21,000)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		(4,773)		13,516		9,901		66,481		85,125
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	_	459,345		123,889		198,750	_	526,666		1,308,650
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	454,572	\$	137,405	\$	208,651	<u>\$</u>	593,147	\$	1,393,775
Net change in fund balances - total governm	ental :	funds							\$	85,125
Amounts reported for governmental activities	s in th	e statement	of a	activities (pa	age 6)	are differen	t bed	cause:		
Capital assets: Assets acquired Provision for depreciation										49,624 (22,516
Changes in other assets/liabilities: Net increase in prepaid expenses Net decrease in deferred revenue										(1 <b>1</b> (31,377
Change in net assets of governmental activity	ties								\$	80,845

# Township of Charleston STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - proprietary fund

March 31, 2007

ASSETS	<u>Water</u>
Current assets: Cash Receivables, net	\$ 512 819
Total current assets	1,331
Noncurrent assets - capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,032,195
Total assets	1,033,526
LIABILITIES Current liabilities - accounts payable	1,279
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	1,032,195 <u>52</u>
Total net assets	\$ 1,032,247

#### Township of Charleston STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - proprietary fund

	Water
OPERATING REVENUES	
State grants	\$ 7,500
Charges for services	20,674
Total operating revenues	28,174
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Maintenance and supplies	44,692
Utilities	3,690
Depreciation	14,67 <u>6</u>
Total operating expenses	63,058
Total operating expenses	
OPERATING LOSS	(34,884)
TRANSFERS	
Transfer from General Fund	21,000
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(13,884)
NET ACCETO DECININO	4 040 404
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING	1,046,131
NET ACCETO, ENDING	¢ 4.022.247
NET ASSETS - ENDING	<u>\$ 1,032,247</u>

#### Township of Charleston STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - proprietary fund

	<u>Water</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to vendors and suppliers	\$ 29,475 (49,994)
Net cash used in operating activities	(20,519)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfer from General Fund	21,000
NET DECREASE IN CASH	481
CASH - BEGINNING	31
CASH - ENDING	<u>\$ 512</u>
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:  Operating loss  Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:  Depreciation  Decrease in receivables  Decrease in payables	\$ (34,884) 14,676 1,301 (1,612)
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>\$ (20,519)</u>

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The accounting policies of the Township of Charleston, Michigan (the Township), conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles) as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

#### a) Reporting entity:

The accompanying financial statements present only the Township. There are no component units, entities for which the Township is considered to be financially accountable.

#### b) Government-wide and fund financial statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Township. The effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### c) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources, measurement focus, and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources, measurement focus, and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Township generally considers property tax revenues to be available if they are expected to be collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

c) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued): State grants, licenses and permits, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the government.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Township, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes and state shared revenue.

The Public Safety Fund accounts for the financial resources used for the operational costs of the Township's public safety functions. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes.

The Township Improvement Revolving Fund accounts for Township improvements. Revenues are primarily derived from transfers and interest.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the repairs, maintenance, and extension of the Township's sewer lines. Revenues are primarily derived from special assessments.

The Township reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the Township's water distribution and treatment system.

Private-sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989, are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Governments also have the option of following subsequent private sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Township has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector standards.

The Township reports a single fiduciary fund, Agency Fund, which accounts for assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

c) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued): Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds relate to charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted as they are needed.

- d) Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity:
  - i) Bank deposits Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Pooled interest income is proportionately allocated to all funds.
  - *ii)* Receivables In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded as the Township considers all receivables to be fully collectible.
  - *iii)* Prepaid items Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.
  - iv) Capital assets Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 (\$10,000 for infrastructure) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Governments can elect to account for infrastructure assets either retroactively to June 15, 1980, or prospectively. The Township has elected to account for infrastructure assets prospectively, beginning April 1, 2004.

The Township includes shared fire vehicle costs in the intangible assets of its governmental activities. These costs represent the Township's portion of fire vehicles that are owned by the Galesburg-Charleston Joint Fire Board.

Capital assets are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements
Equipment
5 years
Water system
75 years
Intangible assets
15 - 40 years
5 years
75 years
15 years

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

- d) Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued):
  - v) Deferred revenue In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with resources for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.
  - vi) Fund equity In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.
  - vii) Property tax revenue recognition Property taxes are levied as of December 1 on property values assessed as of December 31 of the prior year. The billings are due on or before February 14, after which time the bill becomes delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the Township. The Township considers property taxes levied December 1 to be revenue of the current year.

#### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

Budgetary information - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. The budget document presents information by fund, function, and department. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the function level. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

The following schedule sets forth significant budget variations:

Fund	Function	 Budget	_	Actual	_V	ariance
General	Public safety Capital outlay Other financing uses	\$ 15,000 35,000 10,000	\$	21,108 42,652 21,000	\$	6,108 7,652 11,000

#### NOTE 3 - CASH:

The Township's cash is as follows:

	 vernmental activities	ess-type ivities	Totals		
Deposits Cash on hand	\$ 1,363,245 915	\$ 512 -	\$	1,363,757 915	
	\$ 1,364,160	\$ 512	\$	1,364,672	

#### NOTE 3 - CASH (Continued):

State statutes and the Township's investment policy authorize the Township to make deposits in the accounts of federally-insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations. The Township's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the Township will not be able to recover its deposits. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by federal depository insurance and are uncollateralized. At March 31, 2007, \$1,316,538 of the Township's bank balances of \$1,619,223 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The Township believes that it is impractical to insure all bank deposits due to the amounts of the deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance. As a result, the Township evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the risk level of each institution. Only the institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

#### NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES:

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major funds are as follows:

From d	4 -			roperty		Special	1		~~.	Inter-		Totala
Fund	AC	counts_		taxes_	ass	essments		terest_	gov	ernmental_	_	Totals_
Governmental activities: General Public safety Public improvement Sewer	\$	2,432 - - -	\$	4,885 - - -	\$	3,658 - 161,550	\$	4,183 - 1,776 14,847	\$	19,892 - - -	\$	31,392 3,658 1,776 176,397
Totals	\$	2,432	<u>\$</u>	4,885	\$	165,208	<u>\$</u>	20,806	\$	19,892	\$	213,223
Business-type activities: Water	<u>\$</u>	819	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	<u></u>	<u>\$</u>		\$	_	\$	819
Noncurrent portion	\$	-	<u>\$</u>		\$	138,333	\$	-	\$		<u>\$</u>	138,333

All receivables are considered fully collectible.

#### **NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS:**

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2007, was as follows:

	Beginning balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending balance
Governmental activities:  Capital assets not being depreciated - land	\$ 11,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,700
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment Intangible assets	332,002 38,604 137,250	42,652 6,972	- -	374,654 45,576 137,250
Subtotal	507,856	49,624		557,480
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment Intangible assets	(113,250) (28,808) (34,967)	(8,498) (4,868) (9,150)	- - -	(121,748) (33,676) (44,117)
Subtotal	(177,025)	(22,516)		(199,541)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	330,831	27,108		357,939
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 342,531</u>	<u>\$ 27,108</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 369,639</u>
Business-type activities: Capital assets being depreciated - water system	\$ 1,100,683	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,100,683
Less accumulated depreciation for - water system	(53,812)	(14,676)	<del>-</del>	(68,488)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,046,871	<u>\$ (14,676)</u>	\$ -	\$ 1,032,195

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Township as follows:

Governmental activities: General government:	
General government	\$ 7,360
Public safety	9,150
Public works	6,006
Total governmental activities	\$ 22 <u>,516</u>

#### NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS:

A summary of interfund transfers for the year ended March 31, 2007, is as follows:

Fund	Trans	sfers in	Fund	Trans	fer out	
Water	\$	21,000	General	\$	21,000	

The transfer to the Water Fund from the General Fund is to subsidize operating costs of the Water Fund.

#### NOTE 7 - DEFERRED REVENUE:

As of March 31, 2007, the various components of deferred revenue are as follows:

Fund	Interest Unavailable		ass	Special sessments navailable	Totals		
Governmental activities: General Public Improvement Sewer	\$	1,265 1,776 14,847	\$	- - 160,250	\$	1,265 1,776 175,097	
Totals	\$	17,888	\$	160,250	\$	178,138	

#### **NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT:**

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation). The Township has purchased commercial insurance for each of these claims and is neither self-insured nor participates in a shared-risk pool. Settled claims relating to commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 9 - JOINT VENTURE:

The Galesburg-Charleston Fire Department (the Department) is a joint venture of the Township of Charleston and the City of Galesburg. The administrative board of the Department consists of five members: one at-large member and two members from each of the participating units. The budget of the Department must be approved by each of the participating units. The costs of operations and capital expenditures of the Department are supported by contributions from the participating units in equal shares. During the year ended March 31, 2007, the Township contributed \$56,874 to the Department for operations. Complete audited financial statements for the Department can be obtained from the Treasurer of the Department.

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN:

The Township provides pension benefits for substantially all of its full-time employees through a defined contribution plan. The plan covers all full-time employees (over 20 hours per week) and Township trustees. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan, plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment. The Township contributes 15% of each qualified employee's base salary to the plan, with a minimum annual contribution of \$150 per employee. The Township's contributions are fully vested immediately. The Township made the required contributions of \$8,925 for the year ended March 31, 2007.

The Township is not a trustee of the plan, nor is the Township responsible for investment management of plan assets.

#### NOTE 11 - CONSTRUCTION CODE ACT:

A summary of construction code enforcement transactions for the year ended March 31, 2007, is as follows:

Revenues	\$ 2	20,404	
Expenses	21,108		
Deficiency of revenues over expenses	\$	(704)	

#### **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# Township of Charleston BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - General Fund

	Original budget	Amended budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)
REVENUES		<b>A.</b> 440.000	<b>40000</b>	<b></b>
Taxes	\$ 140,206	\$ 140,206	\$ 136,688	\$ (3,518)
Licenses and permits	19,750	19,750	23,086	3,336
State grants	126,700	126,700	122,342	(4,358)
Charges for services	8,900	8,900	8,665	(235)
Interest	6,000	6,000	27,215	21,215
Other	6,750	6,750	7,287	537
Total revenues	308,306	308,306	325,283	16,977
EXPENDITURES				
Legislative	3,200	3,200	2,870	330
General government:				
Supervisor	20,800	20,800	20,100	700
Election	3,700	4,084	3,217	867
Assessor	11,500	11,500	10,896	604
Clerk	18,400	18,400	17,400	1,000
Board of review	1,000	1,000	682	318
Treasurer	28,900	22,900	21,499	1,401
Hail and grounds	15,375	18,311	13,955	4,356
Cemetery	10,300	10,320	7,257	3,063
Other	88,500	94,510	80,791	13,719
Total general government	198,475	201,825	175,797	26,028
Public safety - building inspections	15,000	15,000	21,108	(6,108)
Public works:				
Highways and streets	25,000	21,500	21,483	17
Street lights	3,850	3,850	4,905	(1,055)
Refuse collection	4,500	12,150	11,644	506
Total public works	33,350	37,500	38,032	(532)
Community and economic development -				
planning and zoning	11,500	11,500	9,597	1,903

# Township of Charleston BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - General Fund (Continued)

	Original budget	Amended budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)				
Recreation and culture - library	\$ 19,000	<u>\$ 19,000</u>	<u>\$ 19,000</u>	<u> </u>
Capital outlay	35,000	35,000	42,652	(7,652)
Total expenditures	315,525	323,025	309,056	13,969
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(7,219)	(14,719)	16,227	30,946
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfer out - Water Fund		(10,000)	(21,000)	(11,000)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(7,219)	(24,719)	(4,773)	19,946
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	459,345	459,345	459,345	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u>\$ 452,126</u>	\$ 434,626	\$ 454,572	\$ 19,946

### Township of Charleston BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - Public Safety Fund

	Original budget		Amended budget Actual		Variance favorable (unfavorable)		
REVENUES							
Interest	\$	2,000	\$ 2,000	\$	2,244	\$	244
Other		79,915	 79,915		76,862		(3,053)
Total revenues		81,915	81,915		79,106		(2,809)
EXPENDITURES Public safety		81,915	 81,915		65,590		16,325
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		-	-		13,516		13,516
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		123,889	123,889		123,889		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	123,889	\$ 123,889	<u>\$</u>	137,405	\$	13,516

# Township of Charleston BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - Township Improvement Revolving Fund Year ended March 31, 2007

	Original budget	Amended _budget	_Actual_	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	
REVENUES Interest	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 9,901	\$ 9,901	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	9,901	9,901	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	198,750	198,750	198,750		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 198,750	\$ 198,750	\$ 208,651	\$ 9,901	

# Township of Charleston BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - Sewer Fund

	Origina _budge			mended oudget	Actual		fa	ariance vorable avorable)	
REVENUES	<b>ተ</b>	16 720	<b>ው</b>	16 700	<b>ው</b>	40 74 4	ď	22.004	
Interest Other	\$ 	16,730 36,000	\$	16,730 36,000	\$ —	40,714 25,767	\$ —	23,984 (10,233)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		52,730		52,730		66,481		13,751	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		526,666	_	526,666		526,666	-		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	579,396	\$	579,396	\$	593,147	\$	13,751	

# Siegfried Crandall<sub>PC</sub>

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#### Members of the Township Board Township of Charleston, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Township of Charleston as of and for the year ended March 31, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Township of Charleston's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Our consideration of internal control included procedures to evaluate the design of controls relevant to an audit of financial statements and to determine whether they have been implemented, but it did not include procedures to test the operating effectiveness of controls, and accordingly, was not directed to discovering significant deficiencies in internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We believe that the following deficiency constitutes a material weakness.

The Township does not have procedures in place to prepare financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, including procedures to record revenue and expenditure accruals, and changes in capital assets, and to present required financial statement disclosures.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Trustees of the Township of Charleston and the State of Michigan Department of Treasury and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sigfied Crosell P.C.